Vivardhana Microfinance Limited Balance Sheet as at

		Amount	in₹
Particulars:	Nute	31 March 2020	31 March 2019
Equity and Liabilities			
Shareholders' funds			
Share capital	2.1	5,00,00,000	5,00,00,000
Reserves and surplus	2.2	1,04.80.338	44,07,710
Non current liabilities		100000000000000000000000000000000000000	
Long term borrowings	2.3	1,79,83,490	1,14,00,000
Long term provisions	2.4	5,07,894	2,89,073
Current liabilities			
Trade Payables (includes total dues of Micro and Small enterprises € Nil)-(€	2.5	1.96319	4.17.795
Nil/-) Wefor Note No. 3.13)	1000	CHESTS	-611,133
Other current liabilities	2.6	1.51,02,140	9,01,312
Short term provisions	2.7	11,96,677	5.59.705
Total		9,54,66,768	6,79,75,595
Assets			
Non-current assets		1	
Property, Plant and Equipment	1		
Tangible assets (net)	2.8	1,49,991	2,24,065
Deferred tax assets (net)	2.9	2,69,605	2,22,185
Long term receivables under financing activities	2:10(a)	2.67,83.310	7,22,74,919
Long term loans and advances	2.11	7.98,199	1,39,913
	0.024	2.80,01,105	2,28,67,082
Current assets			
Cash and bank balances	2.12	45,64,378	5,13,978
Short term receivables under financing activities:	2.10(6)	6,13,39,028	4,35,87,492
Short term leans & advances	2.13	1,78,962	4,349
Other current assets	2.14	13.81,295	10,08,694
CHAPTER STORY		6,74.65.663	4,51,14,513
	-	9,54,66,768	6,79,75,595
See accompanying notes forming part of the financial statements	1,2 & 3		

In terms of our report attached

For Sundar Srini & Sridhar

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registratest Number0042015

S. Scidhar Partner

Membership Number: 025504

Place: Chennal Date: July 18, 2020 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Managing Director

D04: 03519077

Ramohrishnan Natarajan

Director

Diry. 07812007

Vivardhana Microfinance Limited Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended

Particulars	Note	Amount	in C
	14010	31 March 2020	31 March 2019
Income			
Revenue from operations	2.1%	1.89.63,690	1,17,99.30
Other income	2.16	76,895	4.91,320
Total revenue		1,90,40,585	1,22,90,623
Expenses			
Employee benefits expense	2.17	37.53.834	13.04261
Finance Costs	2.18	26.95.646	3.65.404
Depreciation	2.7	74.074	62.517
Other expenses	2.19	46,06,238	16.26,038
Total expenses		1,11,29,772	73,58,220
Profit before tax		79,10,813	49.32.403
Tax expense	1 1	5.55.46.67	77,00,740,0
Current tax		18.86,000	13.98,000
Defevred tax charge/ (credit)		(47,420)	11.17,969
Short/(Excess) provision for Income Tax		(395)	5,163
Net Profit after tax for the year		60,72,628	36,47,209
Earnings per equity share:			
Basic (in ₹)		121	0.73
Weighted average number of equity shares		50.00.000	50.00.000
Nominal value per share (in ₹)		10.00	10.00
See accompanying notes forming part of the financial statements			

In terms of our report attached

For Sundar Srini & Sriillian Chartered Acpountants

Firm Registration Number 5642015

S. Spithar Partner

Membership Number (\$25504)

Place: Cherinai Date: July 18, 2020 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Managing Director

DIN 03519077

Ramokrishnan Natarajan

Director DIN STALLOST

Vivardhana Microfinance Limited Cash flow Statement for the year ended.

Particulars	Amount	in C
Particulars.	31 March 2020	31 March 2019
A) Cash Flow From Operating Activities	Tan March	
Net profit bylgm tax	29.10.014	49.32,408
Adjustments for		
Depreciation	74,074	62,517
Provisions against standard loans.	6.63,311	0.51,424
Operating profits before working capital adjustments	86,48,098	56,46,344
Working-capital adjustments	KINETANA T	
(Increase)/Decreuse in receivables under financing activity	(2.22.50.927)	00,51,42,411
(Increase)/Dicrease in loans and advances.	(4.84.542)	(54,349
(Increase)/Decrease or other assets	(3.74.001)	(8,82,477
Increase/ (Decrease) in trade-payable	(2.21,476)	2.84,075
Increase/ (Decrease) in provisions and other liabilities	8.64,722	10,86,116
Net cash from operating activities	(1,38,23,726)	(5,90,72,702
Direct taxes paid	(22,33,962)	(14.78.443
Not Cash From/(Used In) Operating Activities	(1,69,57,688)	(6,05,51,145
II) Cash Flow From Investing Activities		
Purchase of fixed assets		(1.75.652
Movements in bank bisonces not considered as cash and cash equivalents	(35.51.883)	100.00
Net Cash From /(Used In) Investing Activities	(35,51,883)	(1,75,692
C) Cash Flow From Financing Activities		
Proceeds from issue of secured non-convertible debentures	1.01.00,000	1,14,00,000
Proceeds from borrowings from banks	98.08.088	. Section 1
Net Cash From/(Used In) Financing Activities	2,01,08,888	1,14,00,000
Net Incresse/(Decresse) In Cash And Cash Equivalents	4.98.517	(4, 93, 26, 837
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	511970	4.96.40,815
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	10,12,495	5,13,978
Add. Held in margin minney accounts	35.51.683	
Cash and bank balances as per Balance Sheet (Note 2.12)	45,64,378	5,13,978
See accompanying notes forming part of the financial statements		

In terms of our report attached

For Sundar Srini & Sridhar Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number 2004/215

S. Sridkar Barfiner

Place: Chennai Date: July 18, 2020

Membership Number: 075504

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Managing Director

DBN: 01519077

Ramanrichnen Natarajan

Director

DIN: 07812007

Business overview

Vivardhana Microfinance Limited ("the Company") is a public limited company domiciled in India and incorporated under the provision of Companies Act, 2013 on 19th May 2017. The company is registered with Reserve Bank of India as a Non-Banking Financial (Non-deposit Accepting or Holding) Company- Micro Finance Institution effective 12th of February 2018.

The Company is primarily engaged in directly providing collateral free micro credit facilities exclusively to poor men and women in India either through Self-help Group model (SHG)/Joint Liability Group model (JLG) or individually for the purpose of agricultural development micro industrial development, habitat development etc.

1.0 Significant accounting policies

1.1 Basis for preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared and presented in accordance with the Generally Accepted Accounting Principles in India (Indian GAAP). The Company has prepared these financial statements to comply with the mandatory accounting standards as prescribed under Section 133 of the Act, read with Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2006 and Rule 3(2) of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 along with the relevant provisions of the Act and the provisions of the Reserve Bank of India ("RBI"), to the extent applicable, as per Master Directions - Non Banking Finance Company ("NBFC") - Non-Systemically Important Non-Deposit taking Company (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016 issued vide Notification No. DNBR. PD. 007/03.10.119/2016-17 dated September 01, 2016, as amended from time to time and Non Banking Financial Company - Micro Finance Institution (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2011 issued vide Notification DNBS. PD.No.234 dated December 02, 2011, as amended from time to time. The financial statements have been prepared on accrual basis under the historical cost convention except interest on Ioans classified as non-performing assets, which is accounted for on realization basis.

1.2 Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements is in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles which requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amount reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Although these estimates are based on management's best knowledge of current events and actions the Company may undertake in future, actual results ultimately may differ from those estimates. Any revision to accounting estimates is recognised prospectively in future periods.

1.3 Current - Non-current classification

All assets and liabilities are classified into current and non-current.

Assets: An asset is classified as current when it satisfies any of the following criteria:

- It is expected to be realized in, or is intended for sale or consumption in, the company's normal operating cycle.
- ii) It is held primarily for the purpose of being traded; or



It is expected to be realized within 12 months after the reporting date.

Current Assets include the current portion of non-current financial assets. All other assets are classified as non-current

Liabilities: A liability is classified as current when it satisfies any of the following criteria:

- It is expected to be settled in the company's normal operating cycle;
- ii) It is held primarily for the purpose of being traded.
- iii) It is due to be settled within 12 months after the reporting date; or
- iv) The company does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date.

Current Liabilities include the current portion of non current financial liabilities. All Other Liabilities are classified as non-current.

1.4 Cash flow statement

Cash flows are reported using the Indirect Method, whereby net profit before tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature and any deferrals or accruals of past or future cash receipts or payments and item of income or expenses associated with investing or financing cash flows. The cash flows from regular revenue generating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated. The Cash flow statement forms part of the financial statements.

1.5 Cash and cash equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid financial instruments, which are readily convertible into cash and have original maturities of three months or less from the date of purchase, to be cash equivalents.

1.6 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment (PPE) are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation / amortisation and impairment losses, if any. The cost of fixed assets comprises its purchase price net of any trade discounts and rebates, any import duties and other taxes (other than those subsequently recoverable from the tax authorities), any directly attributable expenditure on making the asset ready for its intended use, other incidental expenses and interest on borrowings attributable to acquisition of qualifying fixed assets up to the date the asset is ready for its intended use.

1.7 Depreciation

PPE are intended to be depreciated on Straight Line Method (SLM) over the useful life of the assets as prescribed under Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013. For the assets acquired/disposed during the year, depreciation/amortization has been charged on pro-rata basis.

1.8 Classification of loan portfolio:

Loan portfolio is classified into "Performing and non-performing" assets in accordance with Non-Banking Financial Company- Micro Finance Institutions (NBFC-MFIs) Directions issued by RBI as mentioned below:

- Standard Assets means the asset in respect of which, no default in repayment of principal or payment of interest is perceived and which does not disclose any problem nor carry more than normal risk attached to the business.
- ii) Non-performing asset means asset for which, interest / principal payment has remained overdue for a period of 90 days or more.

"Overdue" refers to interest and/or instalment remaining unpaid from the day it became receivable.

1.9 Provisioning norms for loan portfolio:

The aggregate loan provision of the Company is not less than higher of:

- i) 1% of the outstanding loan portfolio.
- ii) 50% of the aggregate loan instalments which are overdue for more than 90 days and less than 180 days and 100% of the aggregate loan instalments which are overdue for 180 days or more.

The above mentioned provisioning policy is as per the provision policy prescribed in the NBFC-MFI Directions.

Considering the unique and widespread impact of COVID-19 pandemic, the Company has estimated and provided additional provision of 0.5% on total outstanding loans over and above the regulatory requirement (refer note 3.15 for further details)

1.10 Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognized to the extent that it is probable that economic benefits will flow to the Company and revenue can be reliably measured

- a) Interest income on loan portfolio is recognized on accrual basis taking into account amount outstanding and rate applicable except in the case of non-performing assets where it is recognized, upon realization, as per the prudential norms of RBI and any such income recognised before the asset became non-performing and remaining unrealised is reversed.
- b) Loan Processing fee received upfront are considered to be accrued at the time of entering in to binding agreement upon its receipt and are recognized accordingly.
- c) Interest on term deposits has been accrued on the time proportionate basis, using the underlying interest rate.
- d) Other income is recognised on an accrual basis. .

1.11 Accounting for taxes on income:

Current tax is the amount of tax payable on the taxable income for the year as determined in accordance with the provisions of the income Tax Act, 1961. Income taxes are accrued in the same year that the related revenue and expenses arise. A provision is made for income Tax, based on



the tax liability computed, after considering tax allowances and exemptions. Provisions are recorded when it is estimated that a liability due to disallowances or other matters is probable.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences, being the differences between the taxable income and the accounting income that originate in one period and are capable of reversal in one or more subsequent periods. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted as at the reporting date. Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all timing differences. Deferred tax assets are recognised for timing differences of items other than unabsorbed depreciation and carry forward of losses only to the extent that reasonable certainty exist that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which these can be realised. However, if there are unabsorbed depreciation and carry forward of losses, deferred tax assets are recognised only if there is virtual certainty supported by convincing evidence that there will be sufficient future taxable income available to realise the assets. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if such items relate to taxes on income levied by the same governing tax laws and the Company has a legally enforceable right for such set off. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each Balance Sheet date for their realisability.

1.12 Impairment of assets

The Company has put all its significant fixed assets to an impairment test at the balance sheet date. If there are any indications that an asset may be impaired based on internal/external factors, the management determines the recoverable amount of the assets (or where applicable, that of the cash generating unit to which the asset belongs) as, the higher of its net selling price and its value in use. An impairment loss is recognized whenever the carrying amount of an asset or a cash generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount.

1.13 Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets

A provision is recognized when an enterprise has a present obligation as a result of past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, in respect of which a reliable estimate can be made. Provisions are not discounted to its present value and are determined based on best estimate required to settle the obligation at the Balance Sheet date. These are reviewed at each Balance Sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates. Contingent liabilities are not recognised in the financial statements. A contingent Asset is neither recognised nor disclosed in the financial statements.

1.14 Accounting for Employee Benefits

a) Defined benefit plans

The Company accrues for liability towards Gratuity which is a defined benefit plan. The present value of obligation under such defined benefit plan is determined based on actuarial valuation as at the balance sheet date, using the Projected Unit Credit Method.

Actuarial gains and losses are recognized in the statement of profit and loss in the period in which they occur.

b) Defined contribution plans



The Company's contribution to employee state insurance scheme is considered as defined contribution plan and is charged as an expense based on the amount of contribution required to be made and when services are rendered by the employees.

1.15 Earnings per share

Basic Earnings Per Share are calculated by dividing the net profit/(loss) after tax for the year attributable to the Equity Shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

1.16 Accounting of expenditure

Expenses are accounted on an accrual basis. Provision has been made for all known losses and liabilities on the date of the financial statements.



Note 2.1 Share capital Note 2.1(i)

D-st-st-s	As at 31 N	Aarch 2020	As at 31 f	March 2019
Particulars	Number	Amount in ₹	Number	Amount in ₹
Authorised				
Equity share capital				
Equity shares of ₹10/- each	50,00,000	5,00,00,000	50,00,000	5,00,00,000
Issued				
Equity share capital				
Equity shares of ₹10/- each	50,00,000	5,00,00,000	50,00,000	5,00,00,000
Subscribed & paid up		90012000		
Equity shares of ₹10/- each	50,00,000	5,00,00,000	50,00,000	5,00,00,000
	50,00,000	5,00,00,000	50,00,000	5,00,00,000

Note 2.1(ii)

Reconciliation of the number of equity shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting year is as given below

n-st-t-	As at 31 March 2020		As at 31 March 2019	
Particulars	Number	Amount in ₹	Number	Amount in ₹
Equity share capital				
Shares outstanding at the beginning of	50,00,000	5,00.00,000	50.00,000	5,00,00,000
the year	50,00,000	5,00,00,000	50,00,000	5,00,00,000
Shares issued during the year	1	12	- 2	19
Shares outstanding at the end of the year	50,00,000	5,00,00,000	50,00,000	5,00,00,000

Note No.2.1 (iii):

The rights, preferences and restrictions attaching to each class of shares including restrictions on the distribution of dividends and the repayment of capital

- a) The company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of ₹10/- each.
- b) Each holder of the equity share, as reflected in the records of the company as of the date of the shareholder meeting, is entitled to one vote in respect of each share held for all matters submitted to vote in the shareholder meeting.



- For the year ended 31.3.2020, the Board of Directors have not proposed any dividend (PY − ₹ Nil).
- d) In the event of liquidation of the company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive any of the remaining assets of the company after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

Note No.2.1.1(iv)

Equity Shareholder holding more than 5 percent of equity shares along with the number of equity shares held at the beginning and at the end of the year is as given below:

	As at 31 March 2020		As at 31 March 2019	
Name of shareholder	Number	%	Number	%
V Ravichandran	16,63,400	33.27%	16,63,400	33.27%
Ravichandran Sudha	11,79,000	23.58%	11,79,000	23.58%
C Srikanth	5,00,000	10.00%	5,00,000	10.00%
Eswaran Natesan Sastry	5,00,000	10.00%	5,00,000	10,0090

Note 2.2 Reserves & surplus

Manager Control	As at 31 March 2020	As at 31 March 2019
Particulars		
Statutory reserves		
Opening Balance	8.81,542	1,52,100
Add: Transfer during the year	12,14.526	7.29,442
Closing balance (A)	20.96,068	8,81,542
Surplus/(Deficit) in statement of profit and loss		
Opening Balance Add: Net profit after tax transferred from statement	35,26,168	6,08,401
of profit & loss	60,72,628	36,47,209
Less : Amount transferred to statutory reserves	(12,14,526)	(7,29,442)
Closing balance (B)	B3,84,720	35,26,168
Balance carried to balance sheet (A+B)	1,04,80,338	44,07,710

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 45(IC) of Reserve Bank of India Act. 1934, the Company has transferred ₹12,14,526 (₹7,29,442) towards Statutory Reserve Fund.



Note 2.3 Long term Borrowings

Particulare	As at 31 March 2020	As at 31 March 2019
C del sociale del	No.	
Secured loans		
Von-convertible debentures (Refer note below)	1,24,00,000	1,14,00,000
erm Joans from Banks (Refer note below)	55,83,490	
	1,79,83,490	1,14,00,000

Non-convertible debentures

As at 31 March 2019	50,00,000	64,00,000
As at 31 March 2020	50,00,000	64,00,000
Terms of Repayment	Tenure 24 Months Redeemable on October 21, 2020 The Company may redeem the debentures pro-rata, in part but not in full, by paying a premature redemption premium of 2% on the outstanding principal amounts, subject to terms and conditions.	Tenure 30 Months. Redeemable on August 6, 2021 The Company may redeem the debentures pro-rata, in part but not in full, by paying a premature redemption premium of 2% on the outstanding principal amounts, subject to terms and conditions.
Rate of Interest	of 11.50% to 12% p.a	in the range of 11.50% to 12.25% p.a.
Security	Secured by way of In the range hypothecation of of 11.50% to book debts 12% p.a	Secured by way of in the range hypothecation of of 11.50% to book debts 12.25% p.a.
Particulars	Secured, unrated, unlisted, redeemable, transferable, non-convertible debentures of face value of \$50,000/-each.	Secured, unrated, unlisted, redeemable, transferable, non-convertible debentures of face value of \$50,000/-each





Notes forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2020 Vivardhana Microfinance Limited

90'00'00'99	43,00,000
Tenure - 18/30 Months Redeemable on Feb 14, 2021 and Feb 14, 2022 The Company may redeem the debentures pro-rata, in part but not in full, by paying a premature redemption premium of 2% on the outstanding principal amounts, subject to terms and conditions.	Tenure 24 Months Redeemable on Jan 15,2022 The Company to redeem the debentures in full on maturity
in the range of 11.50% to 12.25% p.a	of 1150% to
Secured by way of In the range hypothecation of of 11.50% to book debts 12.25% p.a	Secured by way of In the range hypothecation of of 1150% to book debts 12.25% p.a.
Secured, unrated, unlisted, hypothecation of of 11.50% to Redeemable on Feb 14. redeemable, transferable, book debts, 12.25% p.a. 14, 2022. The Company may debath of face value of ₹50,000/y- each. The Company may debath of \$50,000/y- each. The Company may debath of \$50,000/y- principal amounts, subjective of \$50,000/y- principal amounts, subjective or \$20,000/y- princi	Series IV - 86 (PV - NII) Setured by way of In the range Tenure 24 Months Secured, unlisted, hypothecation of of 11.50% to Redeemable on Jan Triedeemable, transferable, book debts 12.25% p.a. The Company to non-convertible debentures of face value of ₹50,000/- each

Vijigpijits	

2,17,00,000 1,14,00,000

93,00,000

1,24,00,000 1,14,00,000

3	м.	
- 2	я.	
-2	•	
7	= -	
- 5	= -	
-3	= 1	
	ч.	
46.0	= -	
ä	а:	
-	-	
-		
- 5	= 1	
- 3	= 1	
- 12	3	
16	-	
ż	5	
4	i	
from:		
4 4	2	
ne fr	2	
č	25	
Ane for	193	
č	the section	
č	the section	
č	e china	
č	of the same	
č	of the same	
č	of the same	
č	División de	
Printing	The same	
Printing	in equipment of	

	78.08,088				
	Tenure of 3 years with 36 EMIs.				
	13.25% (One year MCLR plus 335	pbsj			
	Secured by way of 13.25% (One hypothecation of year MCLR book debts with plus 335	1.25x cover of	Standard assets	Cash Margin of	36
BOTTOWINGS ITOM BATHS	CSB Bank - Sanctioned amount of Rs.1,00,00,000 (PY - NII)				



Page 12 of 29

.16					
20,00,000					
Repayable in 24 equal monthly installments of principal.					
12.00% (One year MCLR	plus 375	(side			
Secured by way of hypothecation of	book debts with	1,25x cover of	Standard assets	Cash Margin of	10%
Sanctioned 2,00,00,000					
Indian Bank - amount of Rs.	(PY - Nil)				

Total
Less: Current maturities of long-term debt disclosed in 'Other current liabilities'

Total - Non-current liability

98,08,088 42,24,598 55,83,490



Note 2.4 Long term provisions

Particulars	As at 31 March 2020	As at 31 March 2019
		*
Provision for receivables under financing activities	3,99,072	2,22,749
Provision for employee benefits	1.08,732	66,324
	5,07,804	2,89,073

Note 2.5 Trade Payables

Particulars	As at 31 March 2020	As at 31 March 2019
	₹	
Payable towards goods and services received	1,96,319	4,17,795
	1,96,319	4,17,795

Note 2.6 Other current liabilities

Particulars	As at 31 March 2020	As at 31 March 2019
	₹	
Statutory dues	82,510	71,170
Current maturities of debentures	93.00,000	
Current maturities of long-term debt	42,24,598	
Interest accrued but not due on debentures	6,80,206	2,50,669
Interest accrued but not due on term loans	7,233	
Capital creditors		1,995
Others	8,07,593	5,77,478
	1,51,02,140	9,01,312



Note 2.7 Short term provisions

Particulars	As at 31 March 2020 ₹	As at 31 March 2015	
Particulars		₹	
Provision for receivables under financing activities Provision for employee benefits	9,22,763 2,73,914	4,35,875 1,23,830	
	11,96,677	5,59,705	



Note 2.8 Property, Plant and Equipment

										urbbank in T
		Gross block	Slock			Accumulated depreciation	epreciation		Net block	dords
No. Particulars	As at 1st April 2019	Additions	Deletlons	As at 31st March 2020	As at 1st April 2019	Depreciation for the year	Deletions	As at 31st Narrth 2020	As at 31st March 2020	As at 31st March 2019
Tangible assets - Owned Furniture & Fintures Computers and its competite	83.462 2,06,857		100	2,08,857 2,08,857	7,185	7,929	500	15,114	16,348	76.277
Grand Total	2,92,119		+	2,92,116	68,254	74,074	*	1,42,128	1,46,991	2,24,065
Previous period	1,16,627	1,75,692		7,92,319	5,737	82,517	,	68,154	2,24,065	1,19,850



Page 15 of 29

Note 2.9 Deferred tax asset/(liability)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2020 ₹	As at 31 March 2019
		*
On preliminary expenses On fixed assets	48,312 (2,203)	82,351 (7,197)
On provision for standard assets	1.35,947	97,591
On employee benefits	87,549	49,440
	2,69,605	2,22,185

Note 2.10 Receivables under financing activities

	2019
	₹
8,47,70,030	6.58,17,065
33,52,308	45.346
8,81,22,338	6,58,62,411
2,67,83,310	2,22,74,919
6,13,39,028	4,35,87,492
8,81,22,338	6,58,62,411
	33,52,308 8,81,22,338 2,67,83,310 6,13,39,028



Note 2.11 Long term loans & advances

Particulars	As at 31 March 2020	As at 31 March 2019
Unsecured, considered good		
Security Deposits	2,53,000	60,000
Staff Loans	1,16,929	
Advance tax & TDS receivables (net of provision for income taxes of ₹18,86,000 (PY 13,98,000))	4,28,270	79,913
	7,98,199	1,39,913

Note 2.12 Cash and bank balances

Particulars	As at 31 March 2020	As at 31 March 2019 ₹
A. Cash and cash equivalent		
Cash on hand	1,79,282	8.443
Balance with bank in - Current account	8,33,213	5,05,535
	10,12,495	5,13,978
B. Balances with banks to the extent held as margin money or security against the borrowings	35,51,883	
	45,64,378	5,13,978

Note 2.13 Short term loans & advances

Particulars	As at 31 March 2020	As at 31 March 2019
Unsecured, considered good		
Staff loans	1,78,488	
Duties and taxes receivable	474	4,349
	¥.	
36	1,78,962	4,349



Note 2.14 Other current assets

Particulars	As at 31 March 2020	As at 31 March 2019
Particulars	7	3
Interest accrued but not due on loan portfolio	12,11,174	6,98,065
Interest receivable from fixed deposits	9,929	
Prepaid expense		2,09,070
Others	1,62,192	1,01,559
	13,83,295	10,08,694

Note 2.15 Revenue from operations

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2020 ₹	For the year ended 31 March 2019
		*
Interest income	1,80,90,645	1,08,99,470
Loan processing fees	7,86,700	8,61,950
Other Operating Income	86,345	37,883
	1,89,63,690	1,17,99,303

Note 2.16 Other income

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2020	For the year ended 31 March 2019
	₹	*
Interest on fixed deposits	76,895	4,91,320
	76,895	4,91,320



Note 2.17 Employee benefits expense

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2020	For the year ended 31 March 2019
Political Political Control of the C	₹	7
Salaries & allowances	35,63,180	31,81,970
Contribution to employee benefit funds	1,05,868	1,18,248
Staff welfare	84.766	4,043
	37,53,814	33,04,261

Note 2.18 Finance Costs

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2020	For the year ended 31 March 2019
THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE	₹	
Interest on debentures	18,92,720	3,65,404
Interest on borrowings from banks	5,28,926	
Other borrowing costs	2,74,000	
	26,95,646	3,65,404

Note 2.19 Other expenses

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2020	For the year ended 31 March 2019
	₹	
Rent	3,72,000	3,30,000
Legal and professional charges	7,20,824	8.60.525
Consultant charges	7.86,000	
Director Sitting Fees	1,40,000	52,500
Travelling expenses	5,51,592	6,07,638
Audit fees	1,15,000	75,000
Subscription and membership fees	2,73,414	2,58,572
Office Maintenance	33,499	26,926
Provisions against Joans given	6,63,211	6,51,424
Rates and Taxes	- 2,11,568	1,61,165
Information Technology expenses	4,31,980	3,95,454
Others	3,07,150	2,06,834
	46,06,238	36,26,038



3.0. Other disclosure

3.1. Related party disclosure

Name of related parties and nature of their relationships are as follows:

Relationship	Name of the Party
Key Management Personnel (KMP)	a) Eswaran Natesa Sastry - Managing Director b) A Ganesarathnam - Company Secretary (resigned wef 18 June, 2020)

Related party transactions

Amount in ₹

Nature of Transaction	Key Managerial Personnel	
	2019-20	2018-19
a) Transactions during the year		
Remuneration	3.80.000	2,70,000
b) Balance as at the Balance Sheet date		

3.2. Earnings per share

Amount in ₹

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2020	For the year ended 31 March 2019
Profit/(Loss) available for Equity shareholders (in ₹)	60,72,628	36,47,209
Weighted Average No. of Shares	50,00,000	50,00,000
Earnings Per Share in ₹ (FV of ₹10) – Annualized	1.21	0.73

3.3. Contingent liabilities, capital and other commitments

- a) Contingent liabilities: ₹ Nil (Nil)
- b) Capital and other commitments: ₹ Nil (Nil)



3.4. Payment to auditors

Amount in ₹

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2020	For the year ended 31 March 2019
For Audit	1,15,000	75,000
For Others	37,500	32,500
	1,52,500	1,07,500

 Disclosure Details as required in terms of Paragraph 18 of Master Directions Non-Banking Financial Company – Non Systematically Important Non Deposit taking Company (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016

Amount in ₹

	Particulars		
Liabilities side		Amount outstanding as on 31 March 2020	Amount overdue as on 31 March 2020
(1)	Loans and advances availed by the non- banking financial company inclusive of interest accrued thereon but not paid:		
	(a) Debentures : Secured	2,23,80,206	
	: Unsecured (other than falling within the meaning of public deposits)		
	(b) Deferred Credits		
	(c) Term Loans	98 15.321	
	(d) Inter-corporate loans and borrowing	2	
	(e) Commercial Paper		
	(f) Public Deposits	12	
	(g) Other Loans	-	
(2)	Break-up of (1)(f) above (Outstanding public deposits inclusive of interest accrued thereon but not paid):		
	(a) in the form of Unsecured debentures		
	(b) In the form of partly secured debentures i.e. debentures where there is a shortfall in		
	the value of security.	3	
	(c) Other public deposits		



	Assets side	Amount outstanding
(3)	Break-up of Loans and Advances including bills receivables [other than those included in (4) below]:	
	(a) Secured	
	(b) Unsecured	8,81,22,338
(4)	Break up of Leased Assets and stock on hire and other assets counting towards AFC activities	
	(i) Lease assets including lease rentals under sundry debtors :	
	(a) Financial lease	
	(b) Operating lease	
	(ii) Stock on hire including hire charges under sundry debtors :	
	(a) Assets on hire	
	(b) Repossessed Assets	
	(iii) Other loans counting towards AFC activities	
	(a) Loans where assets have been repossessed	
	(b) Loans other than (a) above	
5)	Break-up of Investments	
	Current Investments	
	1. Quoted	
	(i) Shares	
	(a) Equity	
	(b) Preference	
- 1	(ii) Debentures and Bonds	
- 1	(iii) Units of mutual funds	
- 1	(iv) Government Securities	
	(v) Others	
	2. Unquoted	
-	(i) Shares	
	(a) Equity	
-	(b) Preference	
	(ii) Debentures and Bonds	
	(iii) Units of mutual funds	
	(iv) Government Securities	
	(v) Others	



Long Term investments	
1. Quoted	
(i) Share	
(a) Equity	
(b) Preference.	
(ii) Debentures and Bonds	
(iii) Units of mutual funds	
(iv) Government Securities	
(v) Others	
2. Unquoted	
(i) Shares	
(a) Equity	
(b) Preference	
(ii) Debentures and Bonds	
(iii) Units of mutual funds	
(iv) Government Securities	
(v) Others	

	Borrower group-wise classification of assets financed as in (3) and (4) above :				
	Category	Amount net of provisions			
		Secured	Unsecured	Total	
	1. Related Parties				
(6)	(a) Subsidiaries		- 2		
(0)	(b) Companies in the same group	-			
	(c) Other related parties		5-1		
	2. Other than related parties		8,68,00,503	8,68,00,503	
	Total		8,68,00,503	8,68,00,503	

	Investor group-wise classification of all investments (current and long term) in shares and securities (both quoted and unquoted):			
(7)	Category	Market Value / Break up or fair value or NAV	Book Value (Net of Provisions)	
	Related Parties (a) Subsidiaries			



	(b) Companies in the same group (c) Other related parties 2.Other than related parties Total		
	Other information		
	Particulars		Amount
	(i) Gross Non-Performing Assets		
	(a) Related parties		
(8)	(b) Other than related parties		3,96,493
	(ii) Net Non-Performing Assets		
	(a) Related parties		- 4
	(b) Other than related parties		59,828
	(iii) Assets acquired in satisfaction of debt		

3.6. Provision For outstanding loan portfolio:

The provision for outstanding loan portfolio as at 31 March 2020 has been calculated higher of a) 1.5% (including additional provision of 0.5% on account of COVID-19) on the total loan portfolio outstanding as at the balance sheet date or b) 50% of aggregate loan installments which are overdue for more than 90 days but less than 180 days and 100% of the aggregate loan installments which are overdue for 180 days or more.

Particulars	As at 31 March 2020	As at 31 March 2019
Loans - Standard	8,77,25,845	6,58,62,411
Loans - Non Performing Assets	3,96.493	1.0
Total loans	8,81,22,338	6,58,62,411
Provision on loan		
1% on total loans	8,81,223	6,58,624
Additional 0.5% on total loans (Refer Note 3.15)	4,40,612	
Total (B)	13,21,835	6,58,624
Aggregate of		
(i) 50% of the aggregate loan installments which are overdue for more than 90 days and less than 180 days	59,828	
(ii) 100% of the aggregate loan installments which are overdue		
for 180 days or more.	2,76,838	
Total (C)	3,36,665	
Higher of (C) or (D)	13,21,835	6,58,624



Closing Provision	13,21,835	6,58,624
Additions/(reversal)	6,63,211	6,51,424
Opening Provision	6.58.624	7.200

3.7. Capital adequacy ratio

The Company's capital adequacy ratio consisting of Tier I and Tier II capital is not less than 15% of its aggregate risk weighted assets and the total of Tier II capital is not exceeding 100% of its Tier I capital during the year at any point.

3.8. Qualifying assets

The Company has maintained the qualifying asset percentage as at 31 March 2020, as specified in the RBI Master Circular- Non-Banking Financial Company-Micro Finance Institutions (NBFC-MFIs) - Directions RBI/2015-16/49 DNBR (PD) CC. No 047/03.10.119/2015-16 dated 1st July 2015.

Amount in ₹

Particulars	As at 31 March 2020	As at 31 March 2019
Qualifying assets	8,47,70,030	5,58,17,065
Net assets	9,09,02,390	6,74,61.617
% of Qualifying assets to net assets	93.25%	97.56%

3.9. Information on Net Interest Margin for the year ended March 31, 2020:

 a) Average Lending rate
 23.65%

 b) Average effective cost of borrowing
 12.71%

 c) Net Interest margin (a-b)
 10.94%

The Company has calculated above average lending rate and effective cost of borrowing as per pricing of credit guidelines prescribed in master direction issued by Reserve Bank of India no. DNBR.PD. 008/03.10119/2016-17.5

3.10. Value of imports calculated on C.I.F basis by the company during the year in respect of -

- i. Raw materials ₹ Nil (₹Nil)
- ii. Capital goods ₹ Nil (₹Nil)
- 3.11. Earnings in foreign currency ₹Nil (₹Nil)
- 3.12. Expenditure in foreign currency (Nil ((Nil))
- 3.13. Due to Micro Small and Medium Enterprises



The management has initiated the process of identifying enterprises which have provided goods and services to the Company and which qualify under the definition of micro and small enterprises, as defined under Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006. Accordingly, the disclosure in respect of the amounts payable to such enterprises as at March 31, 2020 has been made in the financial statements based on information received and available with the company and the same has been relied upon by the auditors. The Company has not received any claim for interest from supplier under the said Act. In the view of the management, the impact of interest, if any, that may be payable in accordance with the provisions of the aforesaid Act is not expected to be material.

(in ₹)

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2020	For the year ended 31st March 2019
The principal amount and the interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of accounting year	Nil	Nil
The amount of interest paid by the Company along with the amounts of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during the year	NiC	rea
The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under this Act	Nil	Nil
The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of the year	Nil	Nil
The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise for the purpose of disallowance of a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the Act.	Nii .	Nil

3.14. The Novel Corona (COVID-19) pandemic (declared as such by the World Health Organisation on March 11, 2020), has contributed to a significant decline and volatility in global and Indian markets, and a significant decrease in economic activity. On March 24, 2020, the Government of India announced a nation-wide lockdown till April 14, 2020, which was extended till May 31, 2020 through subsequent announcements, to contain the spread of the virus. This has led to significant disruptions and dislocations for individuals and business, impacting Company's regular operations including lending and collection activities to inability of the employees to



physically reach borrowers. However, the Company has major proportion of its borrowers and AUM in rural geographies, where the impact of COVID-19 has been relatively lower and the government has announced a series of economic relief measures for rural India, which is expected to support rural borrower's repayment capacity. From 1st June onwards, further relaxations in lock down has been granted across the State, which has helped the Company employees to contact the borrowers.

- 3.15. Further, pursuant to the Reserve Bank of India circulars dated March 27, 2020 and May 23, 2020 allowing lending institutions to offer moratorium to borrowers on payment of instalments falling due between March 1, 2020 and August 31, 2020, the Company has extended moratorium to its borrowers in accordance with directions of the Board. In management's view, providing moratorium to borrowers at a large scale based on RBI directives, by itself is not considered to result in a significant increase in credit risk for such borrowers. Accordingly, considering the unique and widespread impact of COVID-19 pandemic, the Company has estimated and provided additional provision of 0.5% on total outstanding loans over and above the regulatory requirement, based on information available at this point in time to reflect, among other things, the deterioration in the macro-economic factors. Given the dynamic nature of the pandemic situation, these estimates are based on early indicators, subject to uncertainly and may be affected by the severity and duration of the pandemic and the actual impact of the pandemic. Including governmental and regulatory measures, on the business and financial metrics of the Company (including additional provisions) could be different from that estimated by the Company.
- 3.16. In view of the matters mentioned in Notes 3.14 & 3.15 above, the Company has assessed the impact of COVID-19 pandemic on its liquidity and ability to fulfill its obligations as and when they are due and have evaluated the asset-liability (ALM) pattern in various time buckets. Pursuant to the order issued by the Ministry of Home Affairs on April 15, 2020 allowing microfinance companies to start operations, the Company resumed operations, by complying with the regulatory guidelines on businesses, social distancing etc. Our employees were able to meet and collect instalments from those borrowers willing to repay. Due to minimal impact of the lockdown on them as observed since the resumption of operations, the management is confident that collections will continue to improve, albeit likely to be at a lower level that earlier. In addition, if the need arise, the management may consider various stimulus packages announced by the Government of India which will directly or indirectly benefit NBFC-MFL and seek extension of moratorium and other financial support from other banks and financial institutions. Based on the foregoing, the management is confident that the Company will be able to fulfill its obligations as and when these become due in the foreseeable future.



3.17. Previous period' figures have been regrouped & reclassified to conform to the current year's classification.

For Sundar Srini & Sridhar

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registrifion Number: 0042015

S. Sridhaf

Partner

Membership Number: 025504

Eswaran Natesa Sastry

Managing Director

DIN: 03519077

Ramakrishnan Natarajan

Director

DIN: 07812007

Place: Chennai Date: July 18, 2020